

General Problem Solving Guide

Name:

KEY

Lab Time:

Date:

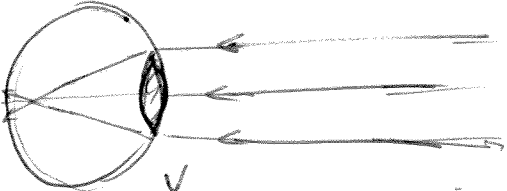
Test Code:

Problem #:

22

List given information, define variables, sketch picture:

2



Faraway object (parallel light rays)

You are myopic - your eye has a lens system that is too powerful and bends light to hit before retina. You need diverging lens for glasses

1



image

object

Simplify question, list target quantity:

1/2 Power (focal length) of present glasses and for new glasses

List all related quantitative relationships:

1

$$\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{i} + \frac{1}{o} \quad D = \frac{1}{f}$$

Outline approach, sketch diagrams if needed (or sketch next to pictures above):

1

A CURRENT PRESCRIPTION NEEDED ~~NEW~~

$$o = (20 - .02) \text{ m} \quad D_{g_{\text{new}}} = \frac{1}{(20 - .02)} - \frac{1}{(1 - .02)} = -0.97 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

$$i = (1 - .02) \text{ m}$$

B PRESENT PRESCRIPTION

$$o = (10 - .02) \text{ m} \quad D_{g_{\text{p}}} = \frac{1}{(10 - .02)} - \frac{1}{(1 - .02)} = -0.92 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

$$i = (1 - .02) \text{ m}$$

1/2 NOTE: IMAGE distances are negative since image is on same side of lens as object

Obtain a general solution:

Optional

New prescription would require adding power to present prescription

$$O = (20 - .02) m$$

$$i = (10 - .02) m$$

$$D_+ = \frac{1}{(20 - .02)} - \frac{1}{(10 - .02)} = -0.05$$

So

$$D_{\text{new}} = D_g + D_+$$

↑ present prescription

$$= -.92 - .05 = -.97$$

Check Units:

$$m^{-1} = \frac{1}{m} + \frac{1}{m} \quad \checkmark$$

□

Check Limiting Cases:

$i \downarrow$ $D \uparrow$ (becomes more negative)

$O \uparrow$ $D \uparrow$

and vice versa

□

Obtain a numeric solution:

(i.e. plug in the numbers)

$$D_{\text{present}} = -0.92 m^{-1}$$

$$D_{\text{new}} = -0.97 m^{-1}$$

□

Why is solution reasonable? Explain.

- Units check
- Limiting cases make sense
- D is negative
- Prescription is a reasonable number (not crazy huge like $-10D$)

□